

About Us

Orlando International Airport (MCO)
 Est. 1976





- 4th largest (area) in USA
- 10th busiest in USA
- Busiest airport in Florida

- 50 million passengers per year
- Over 360,000 operations/yr
- 41.1B economic impact









Aviation Noise Sources

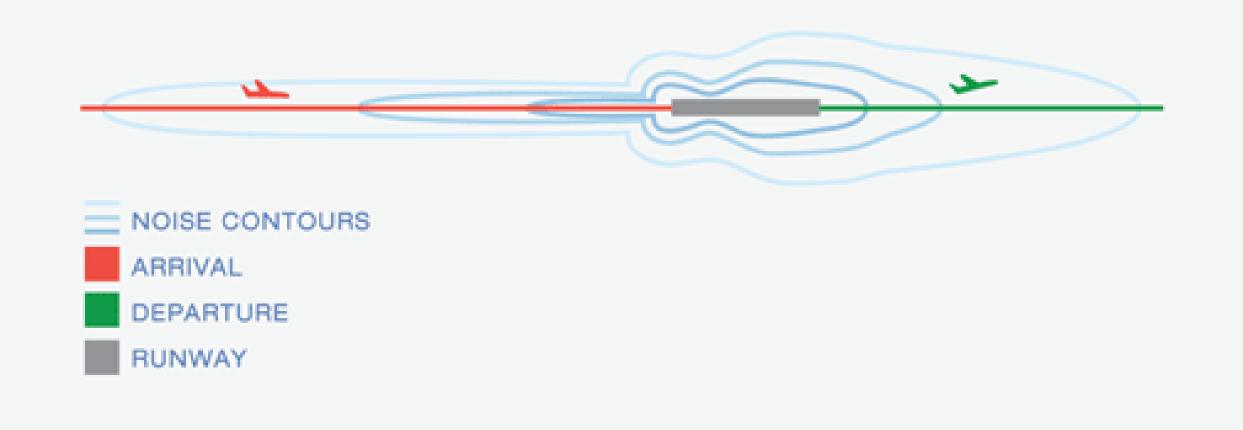
- Mechanical Noise
- Aerodynamic Noise
- Noise from Aircraft Systems





Factors Affecting Aircraft Noise

NOISE CONTOUR MAP





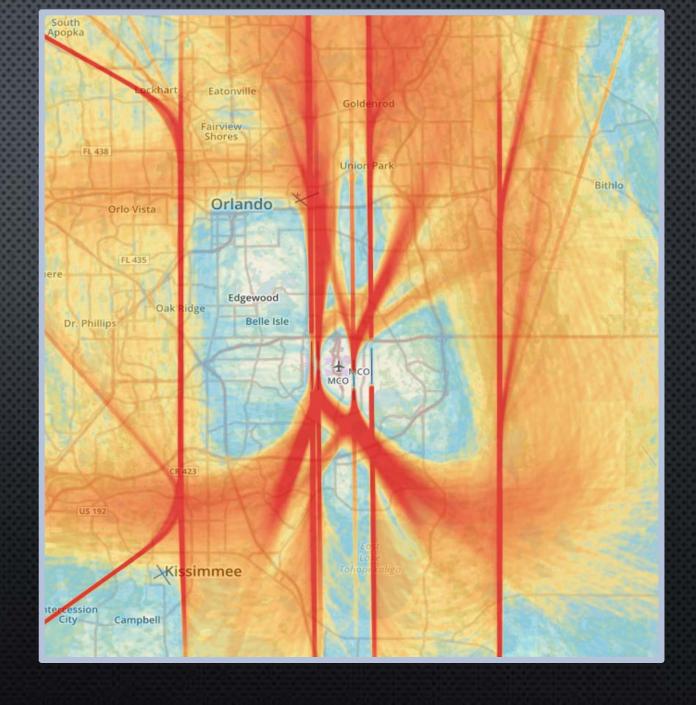
Factors Affecting Aircraft Noise

- Age of aircraft
- Distance to destination
- Day vs. night
- Cloud cover
- Weather

Biggest Factor – Individual attitudes?



Why Talk About Airport Noise at E2 Day?





National Environmental Protection Act 1970 (NEPA)

Requires all Federal Agencies to:

- Evaluate environmental, social and economic effects of their proposed actions
- Provide opportunities for public review and comment



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Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

Many responsibilities to NEPA, including

...Airport Noise

Result: A Bunch of Laws!







Aviation Noise Abatement Policy (ANAP) 1976
Airport Safety and Noise Abatement Act of 1979
Airport Noise and Capacity Act of 1990

Identified responsibilities of the FAA, air carriers, airport executives, and local communities





Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

- Federal government reduces noise by controlling the source
- Funding for land acquisition, relocation assistance around airport to limit severe noise exposure
- Defines Compatible Land Use

BUT ... Obligation to address airport noise problem is a local responsibility





FAA – Reduce Noise at Source

- Mandated changes in engine design international standard
- Tied to airworthiness certification







- Retire
- Replace
- Retrofit older aircraft







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What is Airport Noise?

NOISE: sound levels equal to or in excess of levels established by Federal guidelines to be considered an incompatible use.

Incompatible uses = residential, schools, churches etc.





What is DNL?

- Day Night Average Sound Level (DNL)
- Average noise level over a 24-hour period over the course of a year.
- Noise occurring at night (10 pm 7 am) increased by 10 dB
- 65 DNL noise contour line = "the line in the sand"



DNL VALUES IN RESIDENTIAL AREAS

AVERAGE DNL IN dB



DESCRIPTION

Quiet Suburban Residential



Residential



60

Residential



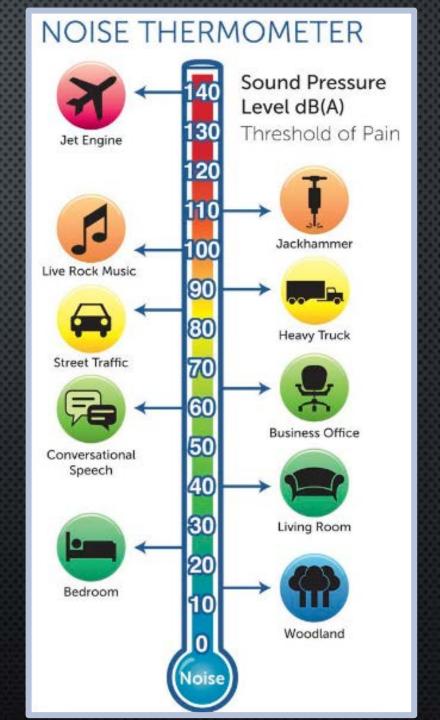
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Noisy Urban Residential Very Noisy Urban Residential

70

Source: Federal Agency Review of Selected Airport Noise Analysis Issues, Federal Interagency Committee on Noise, August 1992.





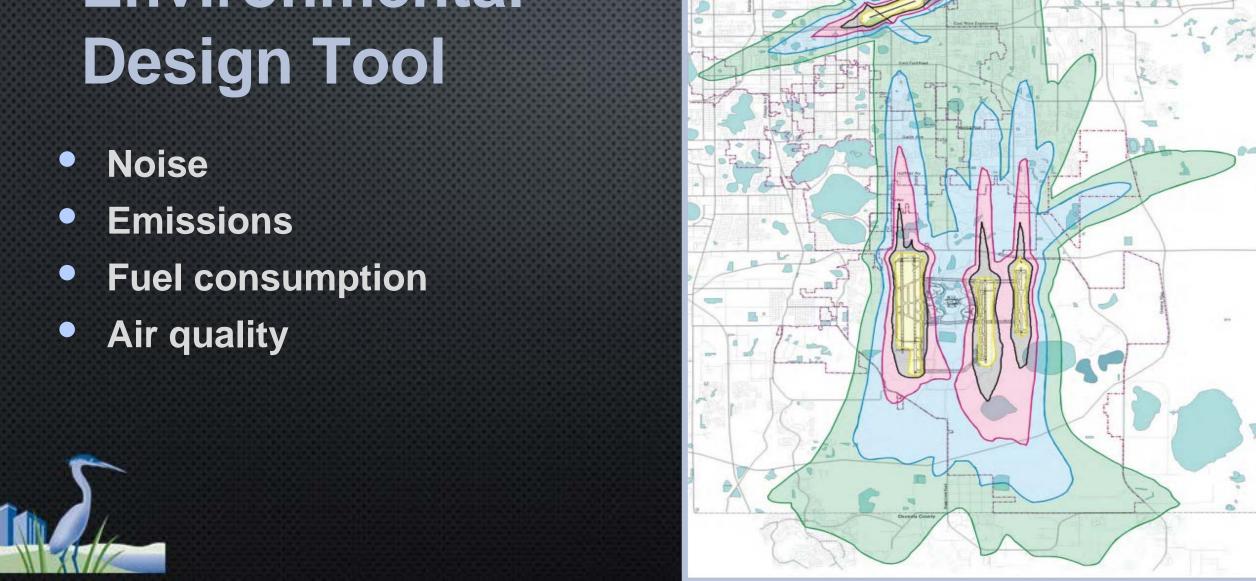
Measuring Airport Noise: Part 150 Process

- FAA-approved
- Noise Exposure Map
- Noise Compatibility Plan





AEDT – Aviation Environmental Design Tool





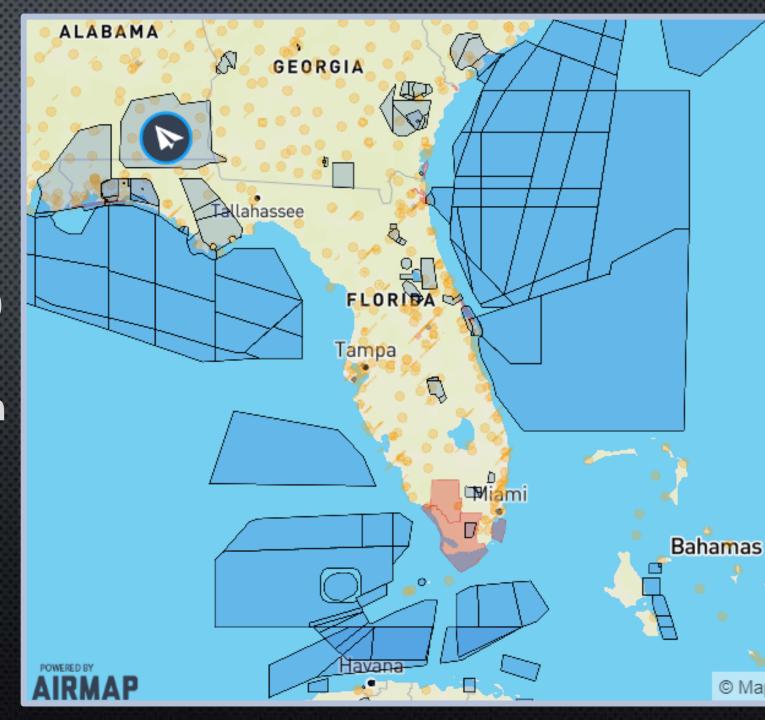


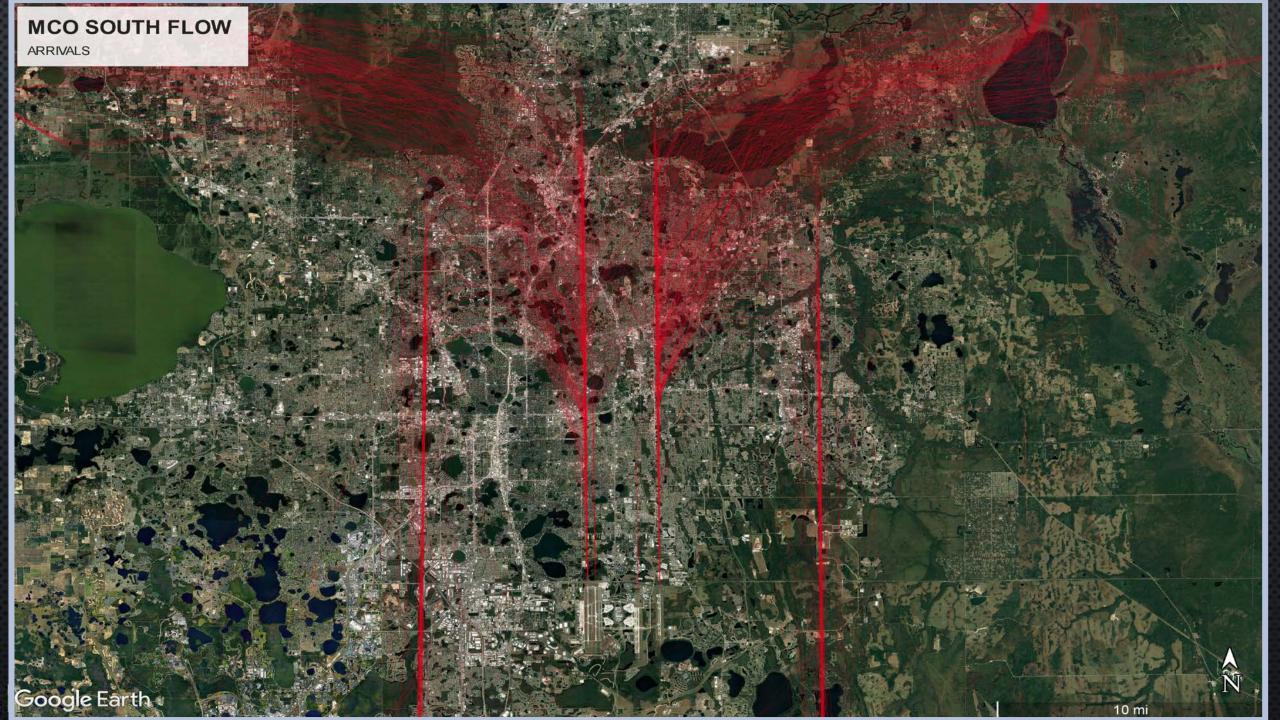
Complexities of Florida Airspace

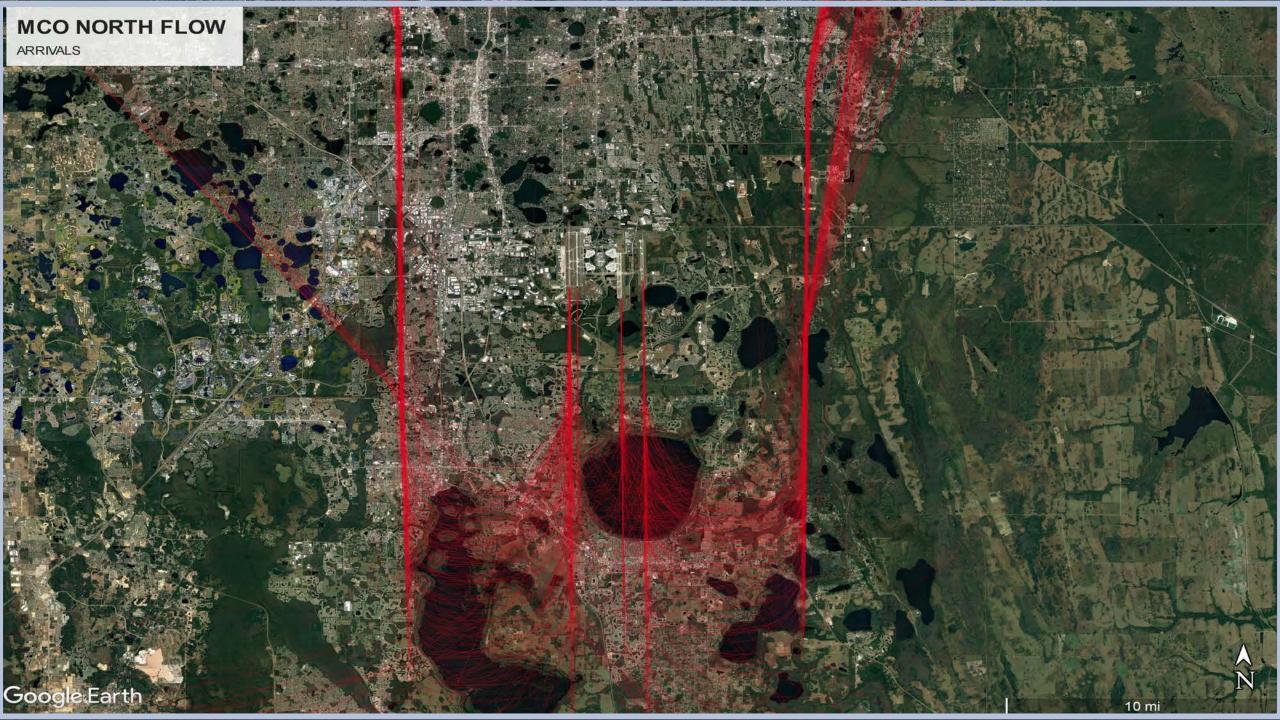
Prohibited / Restricted airspace along both coasts

- Contains 4 of the Core 30 airports in USA
- Fastest growing region in USA
- Part of busiest aviation corridor







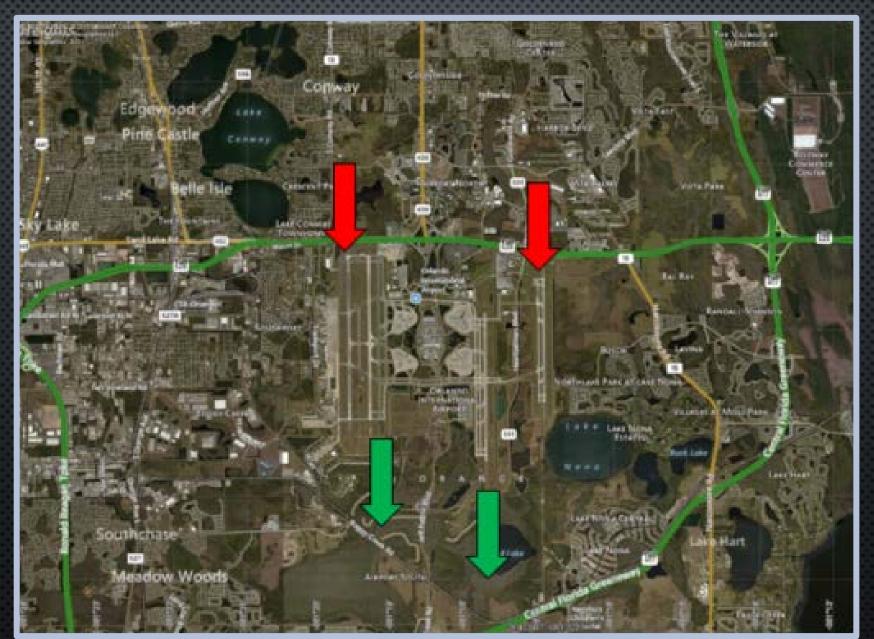


How Do We Manage Noise? Collaboration

- Voluntary noise abatement procedures
- Purchased land for buffer zones/easements
- Manage expectations of public
- ANAC, noise advisories, meetings with local officials, METRA E2 Day

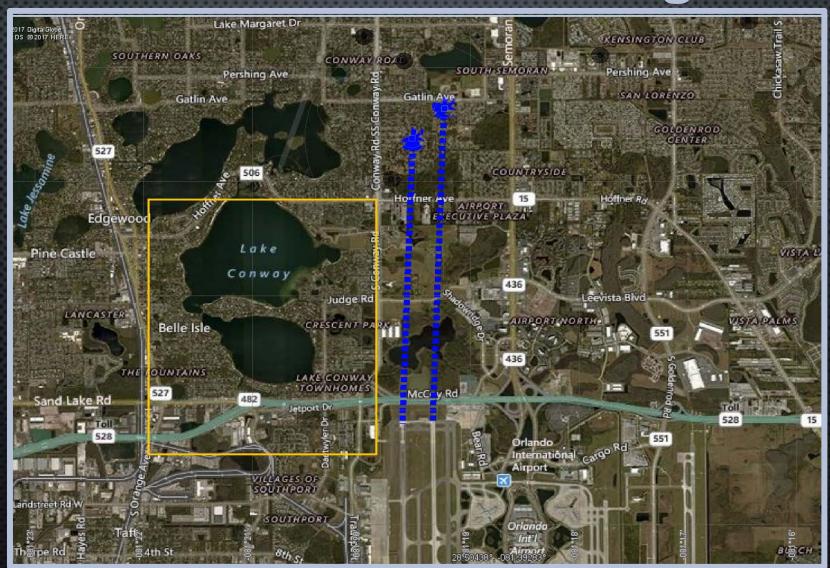


Preferential South Flow



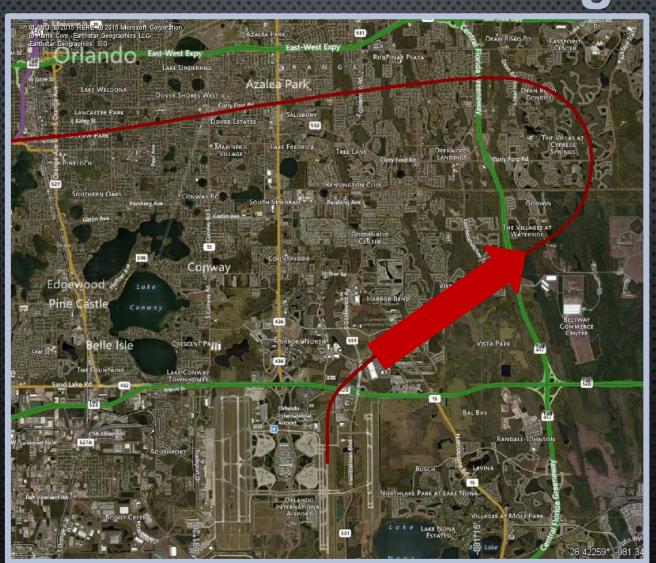


Voluntary – North Departures Noise Abatement Targets





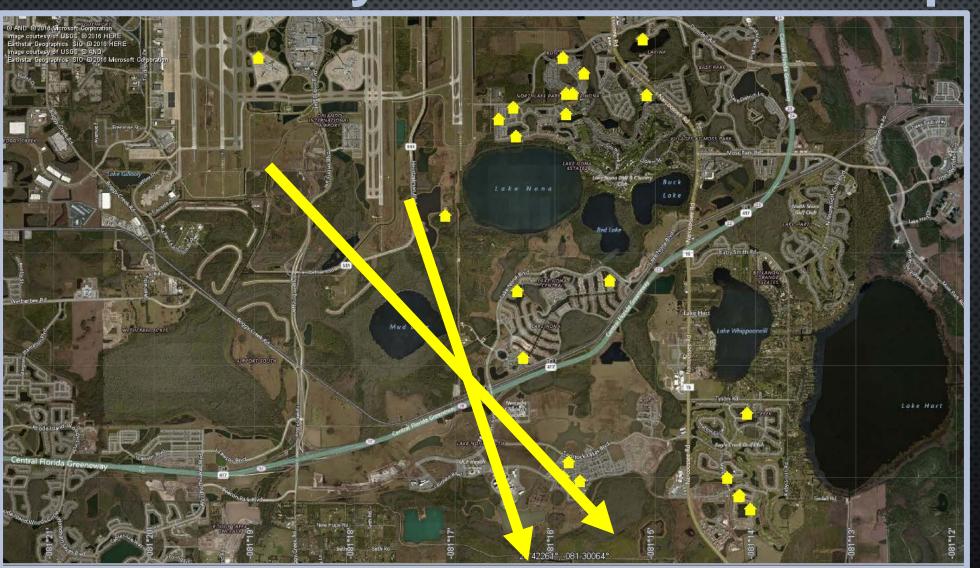
Voluntary Nighttime Noise Abatement Heading





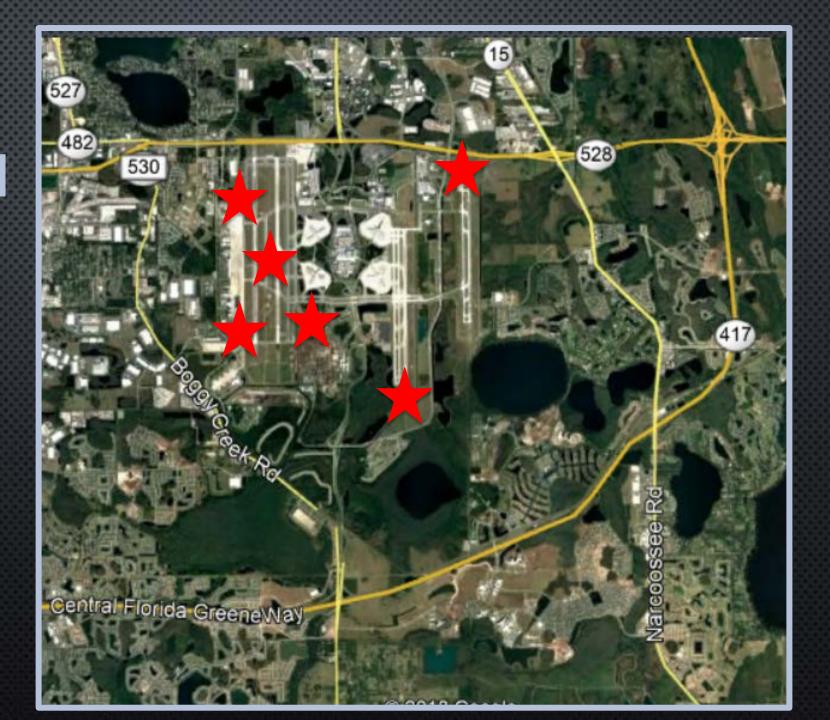
Best Practice:

No Early Turns on South Departures

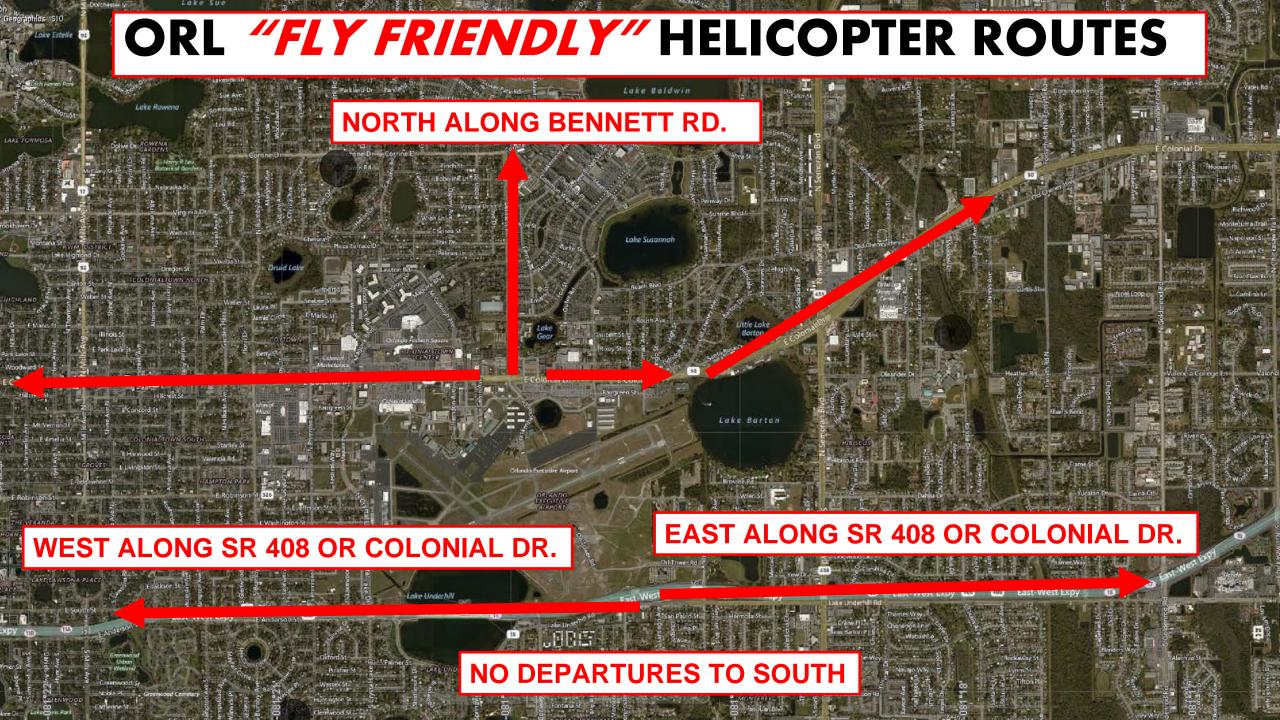


2200 – 0700
No turns until
specified
altitude
[and when
conditions
permit]

Designated Engine Run-Up Areas



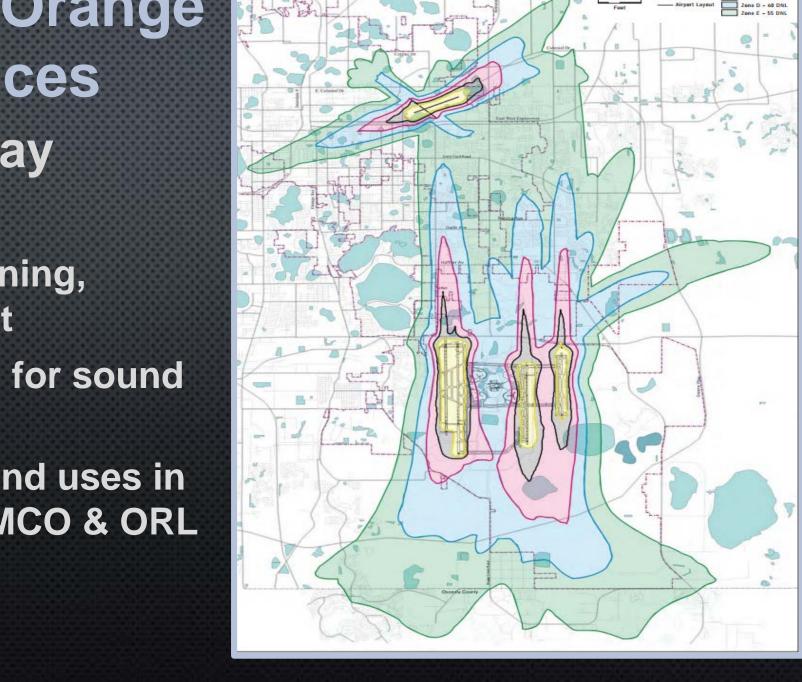


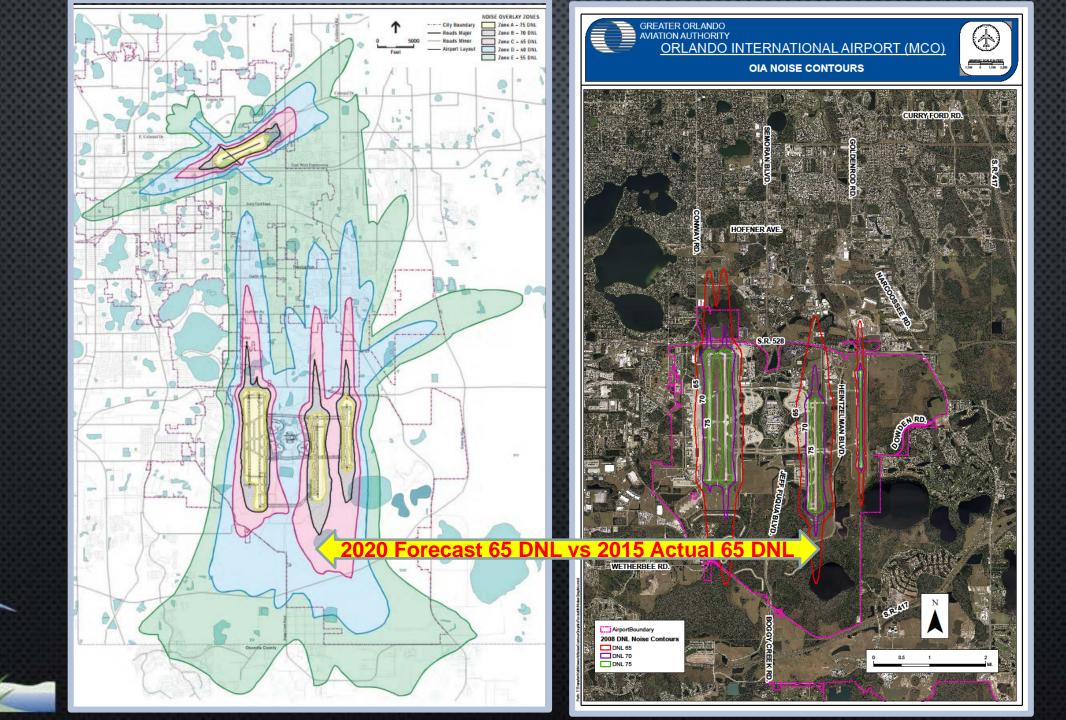


City of Orlando/Orange County Ordinances

Aircraft Noise Overlay District –

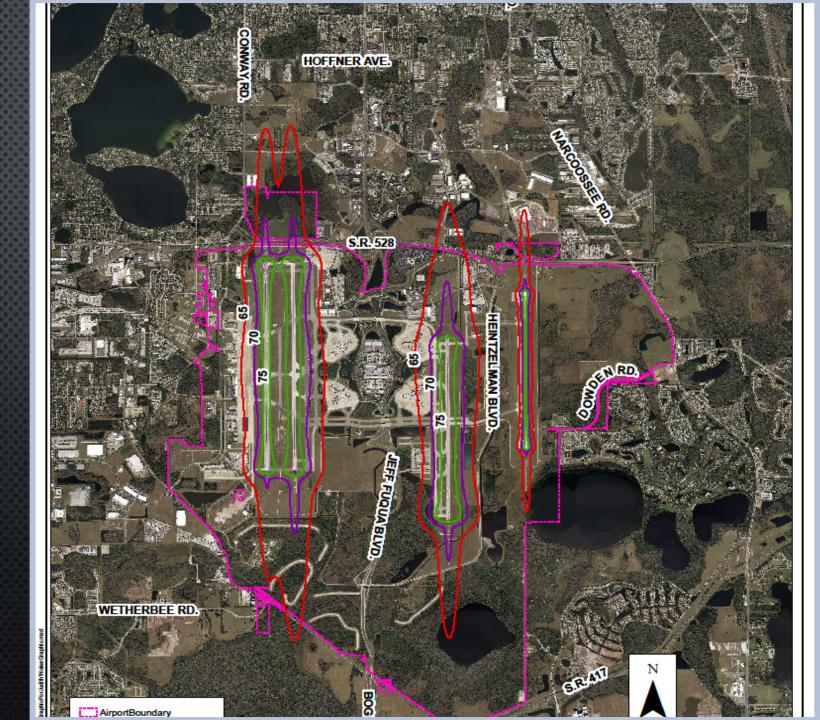
- Compatible land use zoning, planning & development
- Construction standards for sound insulation
- prohibit incompatible land uses in the areas surrounding MCO & ORL

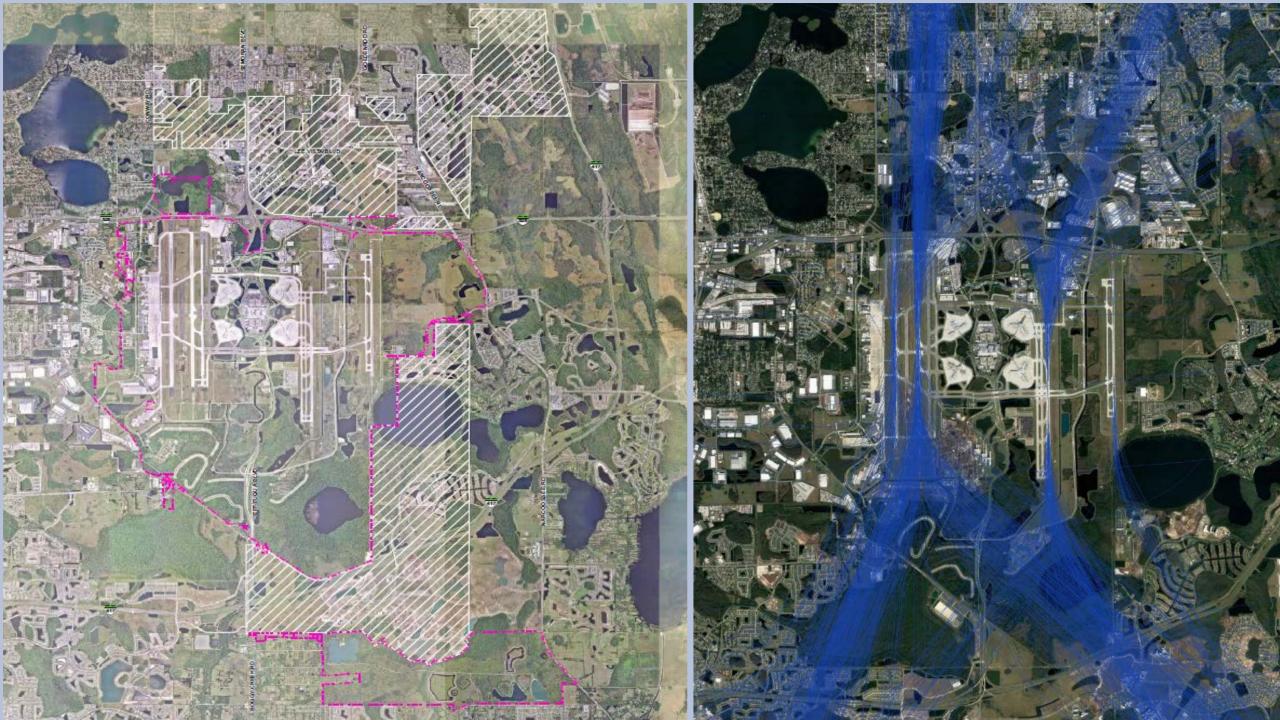




No Residences within 65 DNL – No sound insulation program







Responsive to Community – Noise is Subjective

- Aviation Noise Abatement Committee [est. 1978]
- Noise Abatement Officer
- Noise Abatement Hotline
- Public flight tracker
- Electronic complaints





What Lies Ahead?





South Central Florida Metroplex



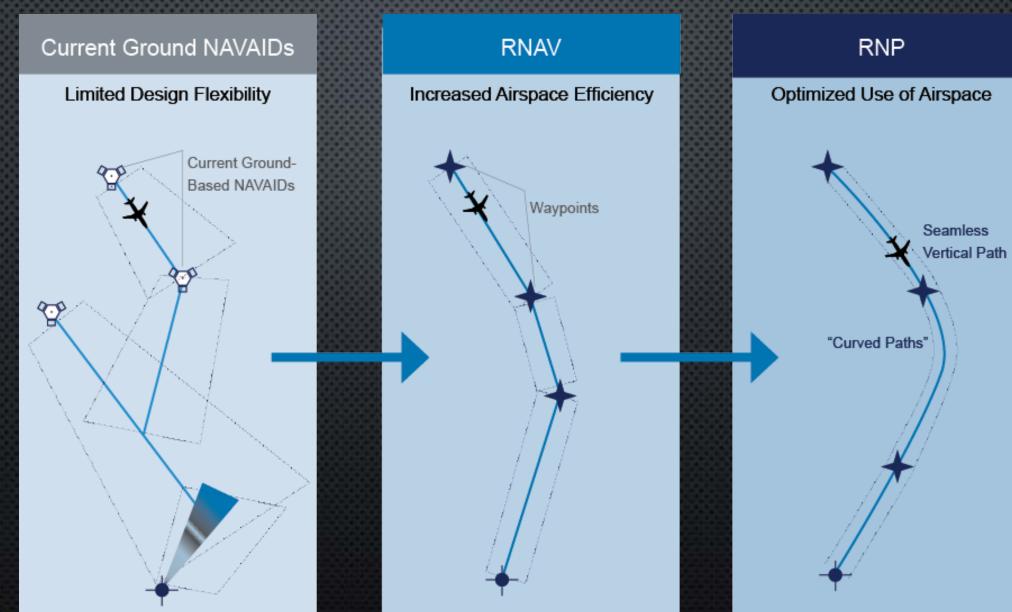
Part of modernization of the National Airspace System

Satellite technology used to create more direct air routes, highly efficient climbs and descents, and routes that are automatically separated from one another.

- INCREASE capacity and efficiency
 - REDUCE aircraft track mileage
 - REDUCE fuel consumption
 - REDUCE CO2 emissions



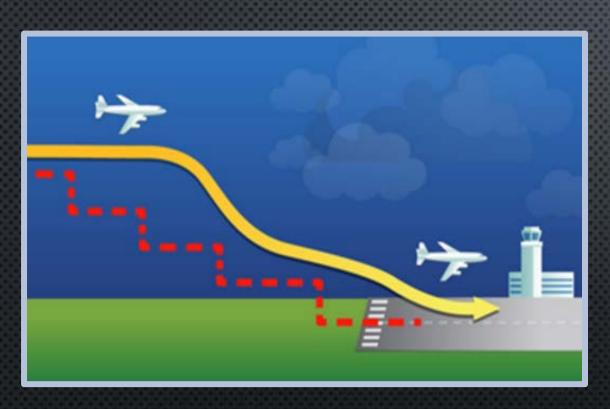
Performance Based Navigation (PBN)







Performance Based Navigation (PBN) Optimized Profile Descents



- Stay at cruise altitude as long as possible before starting descent
- Once on descent, reduce engine power to near idle
- Fly down a smooth and gradual glide path on arrival and final approach to runway



Metroplex Project Phases

Study Phase

- Approximately 9 months
- · Coordination with airports

Design and Procedure Development

- Approximately 12 months
- · Public workshops and comments

Operational, Environmental, and Safety Review

- Approximately 12 months
- Draft Environmental Assessment (EA)
- Public workshops and comments

We are here

Implementation and Training

- Approximately 12 months
- · Final EA/Record of Decision and public notification
- . Training, procedure publication and implementation

Post-Implementation

- · Approximately 7 months
- Post-implementation analysis
- Procedure adjustments



Questions?



THANK YOU

